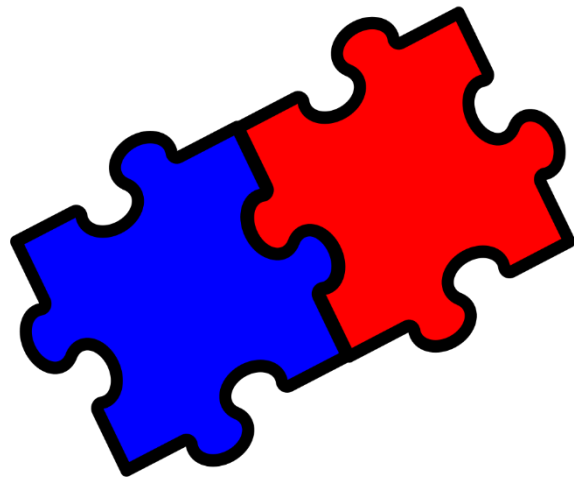


2021 ACCG
Local Redistricting
Toolkit



Introduction

This toolkit provides resources, contact information, reference materials, sample documents, checklists, maps, and data that may be useful to counties during the redistricting process. Additional materials may be added as they become available.

County governing authorities may choose to work with a wide variety of stakeholders in developing local maps such as legislators, county election superintendents, GIS staff, and the public. However, it is critical that every county consult with and involve the county attorney throughout the redistricting process to ensure that all legal requirements are being met.

Overview of Materials

- Redistricting Resources
- Local Redistricting Process and Applicable Law
- Local Ad Information
- Local Redistricting Checklist and Chart
- Redistricting Data and Charts

Resources

U.S. Census Bureau Resources:

[Georgia 2020 Redistricting Legacy Files](#)

[How to Import Legacy Files and Extract Data](#)

[Redistricting Data Program](#)

[2020 Census Data Tables](#)

[Guidance for 2020 Census Users](#)

Redistricting Website: [Decennial Census P.L. 94-171 Redistricting Data](#)

Reapportionment Office Resources:

[2020 Census Count by Georgia City Name](#)

[2020 Census Count by Georgia City Population](#)

[2020 Census Count by County Map](#)

[2020 Census Count by Georgia County Name](#)

[2020 Census Count by Georgia County Population](#)

Website: [Georgia General Assembly - Legislative and Congressional Reapportionment Office \(ga.gov\)](#)

ACCG Resources:

Local Redistricting Webinar Materials

- [PowerPoint Presentation](#)
- [Webinar Recording](#)

Website: http://www.accg.org/2020_census.php

Contact Information

Reapportionment Office:

Gina Wright, Executive Director, gina.wright@legis.ga.gov

Brian Knight, Local Redistricting Coordinator, brian.knight@legis.ga.gov

Legislator Contact Information:

House: [house-member-directory.pdf \(ga.gov\)](#)

Senate: <https://www.legis.ga.gov/members/senate>

Legislative Counsel (for county attorneys only):

Stuart Morelli, Deputy Legislative Counsel, 404-656-5000

Local Redistricting Process Overview and Applicable Law

Local Redistricting Process Overview

While there are many state and federal laws that impact the redistricting process (e.g., Voting Rights Act of 1965, Equal Protection Clause of the 14th Amendment, US and Georgia Constitutions, etc.), the following overview is limited to the local redistricting requirements provided for in O.C.G.A. § 28-1-14.1.

General Steps:

1. Obtain a legislative sponsor in order to work with the Reapportionment Office and have that legislator notify the Reapportionment Office.
2. Determine if the maps for your county will be drawn by the Reapportionment Office, your GIS department, or another entity.
3. If your county draws its own map or uses an outside source, it must be technically reviewed and certified by the Reapportionment Office **BEFORE** it is adopted locally or it is submitted to your legislator to prepare legislation. Maps drawn by the Reapportionment Office do not need certification.
4. If your county draws its own map or uses outside sources, the map must be submitted in an **electronic format** with the following information to the Reapportionment Office (O.C.G.A. § 28-1-14.1(d)) for technical review:
 - A. Name, email, and telephone number of the contact person for the proposed plan
 - B. Name of the submitter and of the county, if different
 - C. Electronic map image that clearly shows defined boundaries and a block equivalency file containing two columns:
 - First Column:** List the 15-digit census block ID numbers
 - Second Column:** List the 3-digit district identification number.
 - D. Statistical plan information including the total population in each district and the population deviations of each district
 - E. Additional information as required by Reapportionment Staff
5. If no technical issues are found during the technical review, the map will be certified and can be adopted locally. If there are issues, the map must either be corrected by the

Reapportionment Office or by the county/other entity. If it is corrected by the county/other entity, it must go back to the Reapportionment Office for review and certification.

6. Once the map has been certified, it can be adopted locally, and notification can be provided to your legislator to start drafting the legislation for introduction.

7. A local ad must run prior to the introduction of the legislation. Local ads can be run up to 60 days prior to legislative session and must run at least one calendar week prior to introduction of the legislation once session begins.

8. Local delegations may have special rules that apply to the passage of local legislation or specifically to redistricting legislation. Make sure you are aware of these requirements.

9. All maps for county commission districts must be passed by a local Act of the General Assembly and signed by the Governor, or become law without being signed by the Governor, to become effective.

Maps **are not** required to be precleared through the U.S. Department of Justice, unless they are covered by a separate court order entered into under Section 3(c) of the Voting Rights Act. Preclearance is no longer required due to the 2013 United States Supreme Court decision in *Shelby County v. Holder*, 133 S. Ct. 2612, which held it was unconstitutional to use the coverage formula in Section 4(b) of the Voting Rights Act to determine which jurisdictions are subject to the preclearance requirement of Section 5 of the Voting Rights Act.

O.C.G.A. § 28-1-14.1

(a) Except as provided in subsection (e) of this Code section, a local bill for revising the districts of county boards of commissioners, county boards of education, independent boards of education, or municipal governing authorities, or creating districts for such offices, shall not be considered by the General Assembly unless such bill meets the requirements of this Code section.

(b) (1) A plan to revise districts or to create districts for existing offices contained in a local bill described in subsection (a) of this Code section shall either:

(A) Be drawn by the staff of the Legislative and Congressional Reapportionment Office of the General Assembly; or

(B) Be submitted to and certified by the Legislative and Congressional Reapportionment Office of the General Assembly prior to being adopted by the local governmental entity for whom such districts are to be revised or created in accordance with this Code section.

(2) If a districting plan is to be drawn by the staff of the Legislative and Congressional Reapportionment Office of the General Assembly, the local governmental entity whose districts are to be revised or created shall contact a member of the General Assembly who represents such area in which such local governmental entity is located, either in whole or in part, and request that the member provide a letter of sponsorship, either in written or electronic format, directed to the Legislative and Congressional Reapportionment Office of the General Assembly, authorizing its staff to work with the representatives of such local governmental entity to prepare the districting plan. In lieu of authorizing representatives of the local governmental entity to work with such office, the member may work directly with the office in preparing the plan.

(3) **(A)** If the local governmental entity chooses a source other than the staff of the Legislative and Congressional Reapportionment Office of the General Assembly to prepare a plan to revise its districts or to create districts, such local governmental entity shall, prior to voting to accept such plan, submit the plan to the Legislative and Congressional Reapportionment Office of the General Assembly for review. The local governmental entity shall obtain a sponsorship letter from a member of the General Assembly who represents that entity as provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection, authorizing the staff of the Legislative and Congressional Reapportionment Office of the General Assembly to review such plan. Upon receipt of such letter and the associated plan, the staff of the Legislative and Congressional Reapportionment Office of the General Assembly shall perform a technical review of the proposed plan to determine if the plan complies with federal and state constitutional requirements for such plans and the federal Voting Rights Act of 1965, as amended. Such office shall also review the plan to determine if such plan divides current voting precincts in a manner that could potentially compromise voter anonymity, leaves any geographic unassigned areas, maintains continuous geographic features, and any other concerns that such office may deem legally significant.

(B) If the staff of the Legislative and Congressional Reapportionment Office of the General Assembly finds such plan to be technically sound, that office shall issue a certification form to the local governmental entity, which may then proceed to adopt the proposed plan for submission to the General Assembly for enactment. The staff of the Legislative and Congressional Reapportionment Office of the General Assembly shall prepare a legal description based on such plan for submission to the Office of Legislative Counsel for drafting the necessary legislation.

(C) If the staff of the Legislative and Congressional Reapportionment Office of the General Assembly uncovers technical concerns in its review of the proposed plan, the staff shall notify the local governmental entity and the member who sponsored the review of the concerns. In light of the technical concerns uncovered in the review, the local governmental entity shall then have the option of either having the staff of the Legislative and Congressional Reapportionment Office of the General Assembly make the necessary corrections to the proposed plan and return it to the local governmental entity for approval for submission for legislation to be prepared by a member of the General Assembly who represents, in whole or in part, the area in which the local governmental entity is located, or it may have the original preparer revise it. If the original preparer is chosen to revise the plan, such plan shall be resubmitted for review by the staff of the Legislative and Congressional Reapportionment Office of the General Assembly in accordance with this Code section.

(c) (1) A plan to create districts for a new municipality contained in a local bill described in subsection (a) of this Code section shall either:

(A) Be drawn by the staff of the Legislative and Congressional Reapportionment Office of the General Assembly; or

(B) Be submitted to and certified by the Legislative and Congressional Reapportionment Office of the General Assembly prior to being submitted to the Office of Legislative Counsel for drafting.

(2) If a districting plan is to be drawn by the staff of the Legislative and Congressional Reapportionment Office of the General Assembly, the entity seeking to create the new municipality shall contact a member of the General Assembly and request that the member provide a letter of sponsorship, either in written or electronic format, directed to the Legislative and Congressional Reapportionment Office of the General Assembly, authorizing its staff to work with the representatives of such entity to prepare the districting plan. In lieu of authorizing representatives of the entity to work with such office, the member may work directly with the office in preparing the plan.

(3) (A) If the entity seeking to create the new municipality chooses a source other than the staff of the Legislative and Congressional Reapportionment Office of the General Assembly to prepare a districting plan, such entity shall submit such plan to the Legislative and Congressional Reapportionment Office of the General Assembly for review. Such entity shall obtain a sponsorship letter from a member of the General Assembly as provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection, authorizing the staff of the Legislative and Congressional Reapportionment Office of the General Assembly to review such plan. Upon receipt of such letter and the associated plan, the staff of the Legislative and Congressional Reapportionment Office of the General Assembly shall perform a technical review of the proposed plan to determine if the plan complies with federal and state constitutional requirements for such plans and the federal Voting Rights Act of 1965, as amended. Such office shall also review the plan to determine if such plan divides current voting precincts in a manner that could potentially compromise voter anonymity, leaves any geographic unassigned areas, maintains continuous geographic features, and any other concerns that such office may deem legally significant.

(B) If the staff of the Legislative and Congressional Reapportionment Office of the General Assembly finds such plan to be technically sound, that office shall issue a certification form to the entity seeking to create a new municipality, which may then proceed to submit such plan to the General Assembly for enactment. The staff of the Legislative and Congressional Reapportionment Office of the General Assembly shall prepare a legal description based on such plan for submission to the Office of Legislative Counsel for drafting the necessary legislation.

(C) If the staff of the Legislative and Congressional Reapportionment Office of the General Assembly uncovers technical concerns in its review of the proposed plan, the staff shall notify the entity and the member who sponsored the review of the concerns. In light of the technical concerns uncovered in the review, the entity shall then have the option of either having the staff of the Legislative and Congressional Reapportionment Office of the General Assembly make the necessary corrections to the proposed plan and return it to the entity for submission to a member of the General Assembly for legislation to be prepared by the Office of Legislative Counsel, or it may have the original preparer revise it. If the original preparer is chosen to revise the plan, such plan shall be resubmitted for review by the staff of the Legislative and Congressional Reapportionment Office of the General Assembly in accordance with this Code section.

(d) Proposed districting plans from a source other than the staff of the Legislative and Congressional Reapportionment Office of the General Assembly shall be submitted for review by such office in electronic format. Such submission shall contain:

(1) Information regarding the contact person for the proposed plan, including email and telephone number;

(2) The name of the submitter and the name of the local governmental entity that is the subject of the plan, if different;

(3) An electronic map image that clearly depicts defined boundaries, utilizing the most recent United States census geographic boundaries, and a block equivalency file containing two columns. The first column shall list the 15-digit census block identification numbers, and the second column shall list the three-digit district identification number. Both block and district numbers shall be zero-filled text files. Such files shall be submitted in .xls, .xlsx, .dbf, .txt, or .csv file formats;

(4) Statistical information on the plan which shall include, but not be limited to, the total population in each district and the population deviations of each district; and

(5) Such other information as required by the staff of the Legislative and Congressional Reapportionment Office of the General Assembly.

(e) If a member of the General Assembly desires to proceed with a local bill containing a districting plan which the Legislative and Congressional Reapportionment Office of the General Assembly has not certified, the member may do so only if a letter from such office is attached to the local bill when it is introduced in the General Assembly, stating that the bill cannot be certified by such office under this Code section and the reasons why.

Local Ad Information and Redistricting Checklist

Notice to Introduce Local Legislation: The simpler the better

A notice to introduce local legislation, also known as a local notice ad, requires no more information than the title of the bill. For a bill amending an existing local Act, the notice can merely cite the enabling statute creating the local governing authority and informs the public of the intention to amend such statute.

Below is an example of a local notice ad for a hypothetical bill amending a county's districting plan in the 2022 regular session:

NOTICE OF INTENTION TO INTRODUCE LOCAL LEGISLATION
Notice is given that there will be introduced at the regular 2022 session of the General Assembly of Georgia a bill to amend an Act re-creating and establishing a Board of Commissioners of Barrow County, approved April 2, 1976 (Ga. L. 1976, p. 4033), as amended; and for other purposes.

The notice does not need to reference redistricting if such wording is not in the title of the Act being amended. Nor is there a requirement for a local notice ad to run under the signature of a member of the General Assembly or any other person. The example above represents all the information that is necessary for a proper local notice ad. The inclusion of more information in the ad could limit the scope of the legislation and even result in the notice being insufficient for the final bill, resulting in the need for re-advertisement, potentially delaying passage of the bill.

Local notice ads for redistricting bills can be put together by referencing the title of the last bill redistricting the particular jurisdiction. The above example ad is based on 2011's HB 9EX, Ga. L. 2011 Ex. Sess., p. 265. The title of this bill, with the relevant parts for the ad highlighted, is:

To amend an Act re-creating and establishing a Board of Commissioners of Barrow County, approved April 2, 1976 (Ga. L. 1976, p. 4033), as amended, particularly by an Act approved May 30, 2003 (Ga. L. 2003, p. 3889), so as to change the composition of the election districts from which the members of the Board of Commissioners of Barrow County are elected; to provide for implementation of such changes; to define certain terms; to provide for continuation in office of persons serving as members of the board on a certain date; to provide for the election and terms of members of the board; to provide for related matters; to provide for submission under the federal Voting Rights Act of 1965, as amended; to repeal conflicting laws; and for other purposes.

A local notice ad only needs to run once before the bill can be introduced. Ads can be run in the 60 days prior to the first day of the legislative session in which the bill will be introduced. If the ad runs during session, the bill cannot be introduced until the following calendar week, so running a proper ad early prevents potential delay in passage of a bill.

POST-2020 CENSUS LOCAL REDISTRICTING
CHECKLIST & CHART

Political Subdivision name: _____

- (1) (a) Is the political subdivision operating under a court-ordered plan for election districts that either amends or replaces the election districts which were most recently enacted by the General Assembly or which otherwise affects the election of the members of the political subdivision?

(b) If yes, then ask the sponsor to provide a copy of the order.
- (2) Is the political subdivision currently operating under the plan most recently enacted by the General Assembly, Ga. L._____, p._____(i.e., no court order applies)?
- (3) What is the exact full identifier of the proposed new plan prepared by the Reapportionment Office (including User, Plan Name, and Plan Type)?
- (4) (a) Is the district numbering system under the proposed new plan still the same as compared to the current plan? In other words, does current district 1 equate to new district 1, and so forth.

(b) If not, then how, precisely, do the old district numbers correspond to the new district numbers? In other words, does current district 1 equate to new district 3, and so forth.
- (5) Will each incumbent be in the same district under the proposed new plan as he or she is under the current plan?
- (6) Does the proposed new plan cause any two or more incumbents to share the same district?

POST-2020 CENSUS LOCAL REDISTRICTING
CHECKLIST & CHART

- (7) (a) Is the current election cycle staggered or concurrent?
 - (b) (1) Is the current election cycle to be maintained?
 - (2) If not, then what exact election cycle is desired?

- (8) (a) Are any terms of office being shortened or lengthened?
 - (b) If so, then when exactly is the necessary referendum to be held prior to the phase-in of the new election cycle?

- (9) (a) Are new members being added?
 - (b) If so, then at what election are they to be first elected and what are the desired initial terms of office and subsequent terms of office?

POST-2020 CENSUS LOCAL REDISTRICTING
CHECKLIST & CHART

Political Subdivision name: _____

Chart of positions & election dates:

Elect Year	Chair or Mayor	Dist. 1	Dist. 2	Dist. 3	Dist. 4	Dist. 5	Dist. 6	Dist. 7	Dist. 8	Dist. 9	Dist. 10
2010											
2011											
2012											
2013											
2014											
2015											
2016											
2017											
2018											
2019											
2020											
2021											
2022											
2023											
2024											
2025											
2026											
2027											
2028											
2029											
2030											

Frequently Asked Questions on Redistricting

Q: If my county uses a consultant or draws our maps in house, how long will it take the Reapportionment Office to certify our map?

A: This will depend on volume of maps submitted and the degree of mapping issues. Once your map has been submitted, it will enter the queue and will be reviewed in the order for which it has been submitted.

Q: If my county challenges our census results, how will it impact our map?

A. While changes in population resulting from a challenge may impact funding formulas, it will not impact the mapping process.

Q. Are local redistricting bills treated the same as general redistricting bills?

A. No. They are treated like local bills and will follow the same process as provided for other local legislation.

Q. Can local redistricting bills be pre-filed?

A. No. Only general bills can be pre-filed. However local redistricting bills can be prepared by legislative counsel prior to the beginning of legislative session.

Q: My county wants to work with the Reapportionment Office but cannot come to Atlanta. What can I do?

A: The Reapportionment Office can set up a virtual meeting or can answer questions by phone.

Q: My county wants to draw our own map, but we may have questions. Can we contact the Reapportionment Office?

A: Yes. The Reapportionment Office can still provide assistance even if they are not drawing the map for your county.

Q: Can competing redistricting maps be introduced?

A: Yes.

Q: Does my county have to have the same legislative sponsor used to work with the Reapportionment Office as the bill sponsor?

A: No.

Q: Can redistricting legislation have a delayed start date?

A: Yes.

Q: How much deviation should there be within districts?

A: The goal is zero. Arbitrary margins such as +/-5% should not be used. Advanced mapping technology allows for minimum deviation, so the goal should always be zero.

Q: What is the deadline to submit a map to the General Assembly?

A: While there are no deadlines in federal or state law, counties should plan to do so as early in the legislative process as possible. Election staff needs to prepare for qualifying in early March as well as the May primary. Further, while not set forth in law, legislative delegations and/or bill sponsors may provide a timeline for counties to submit maps to be considered. Care should also be given to the amount of time needed for a map to be certified by the Reapportionment Office if the map submitted has been drawn by the county or consultant.

Q: If the Reapportionment Office finds a problem with my map, who can fix it?

A: The Reapportionment Office can fix the problem, or it can go back to the county or consultant. However, if the Reapportionment Office fixes the problem, the certification is complete. Changes made by the county or the consultant must go back through the Reapportionment Office for certification which may prolong the process.

Q: Can the board of commissioners and the school board have the same district lines?

A: Yes, however each entity must adopt their own map and have their map pass through the General Assembly as separate local Acts (i.e., the board of commissioners has a map, and the school board has a map).

Q: Are boards of commissioners required to hold public hearings before maps can be adopted?

A: There are no requirements provided in state law, however there could be local policies and procedures that provide how redistricting maps are adopted in your county. Counties can choose to hold public hearings and to collect comments from public before adopting maps, but this is not a state law requirement.

Q: Are there any examples of local resolutions for redistricting maps?

A: Yes. The following page includes a redistricting resolution from Carroll County.

RESOLUTION OF THE BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS OF CARROLL COUNTY, GEORGIA, APPROVING A REDISTRICTING PLAN FOR THE CARROLL COUNTY BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS, REQUESTING THAT ITS LOCAL LEGISLATIVE DELEGATION HAVE SUCH REDISTRICTING PLAN INTRODUCED AS LOCAL LEGISLATION AT THE 2022 REGULAR SESSION OF THE GEORGIA GENERAL ASSEMBLY, PROVIDING FOR AN EFFECTIVE DATE, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.

WHEREAS, the 2020 Decennial Census has been completed and the results thereof have been submitted to the Board of Commissioners of Carroll County, Georgia;

WHEREAS, such 2020 Census reflects that the population of Carroll County increased by 8,621 to 119,148;

WHEREAS, the County Commission Districts for elected members of the Carroll County Board of Commissioners must be redrawn in order to comply with federal and state guidelines, including the principle of “one person, one vote”; and

WHEREAS, Carroll County requested and obtained assistance preparing such redistricting plan from the Legislative and Congressional Reapportionment Office of the Georgia General Assembly; and

WHEREAS, the Board of Commissioners has considered public input on redistricting plans, and displayed the proposed plan at various public locations around Carroll County prior to the adoption of this resolution; and

WHEREAS, the Board of Commissioners desires to submit a proposed redistricting plan to its local legislative delegation to the Georgia General Assembly so that such redistricting plan can be approved by the General Assembly at its 2022 regular session and then signed by the Governor; and

WHEREAS, after considering public input, the principle of “one person, one vote”, and other relevant matters, the Carroll County Board of Commissioners has determined the most appropriate redistricting plan for the Carroll County Commissioners and citizens of Carroll County;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED by the Board of Commissioners, acting in its capacity as the governing authority of Carroll County, as follows:

(1) The Board of Commissioners hereby approves the redistricting plan attached as Exhibit "A".

(2) The Board of Commissioners hereby requests that its local legislative delegation to the Georgia General Assembly draft and introduce during the 2022 regular session of the Georgia General Assembly such redistricting plan for passage by the Georgia General Assembly and signing by the Governor.

(3) This resolution shall take effect immediately upon its adoption.

SO ADOPTED, this ____ day of December, 2021.

CARROLL COUNTY, GEORGIA

By: _____

Michelle Morgan, Chairman
Board of Commissioners

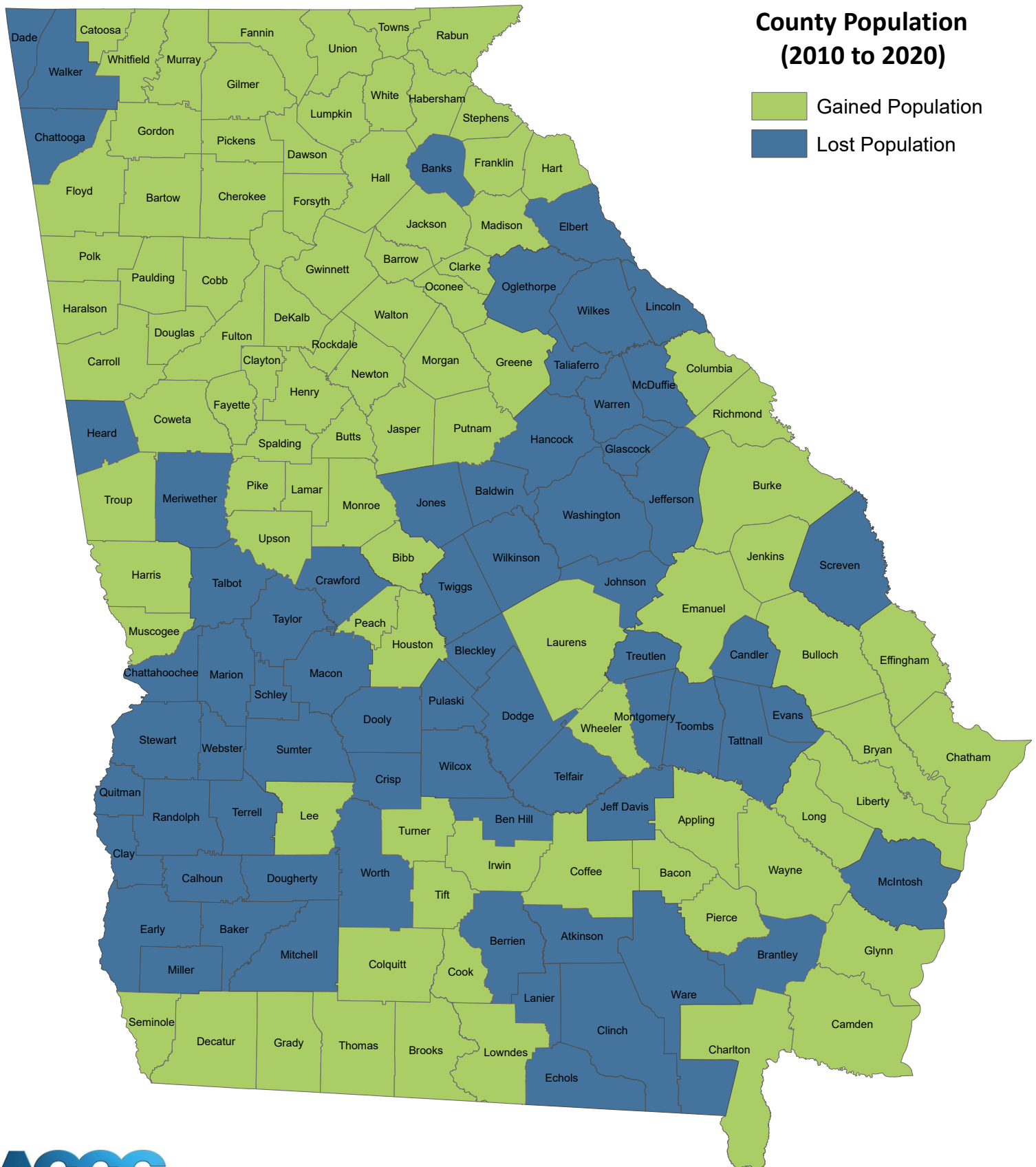
Attest: _____

Donna A. Lackey, County Clerk

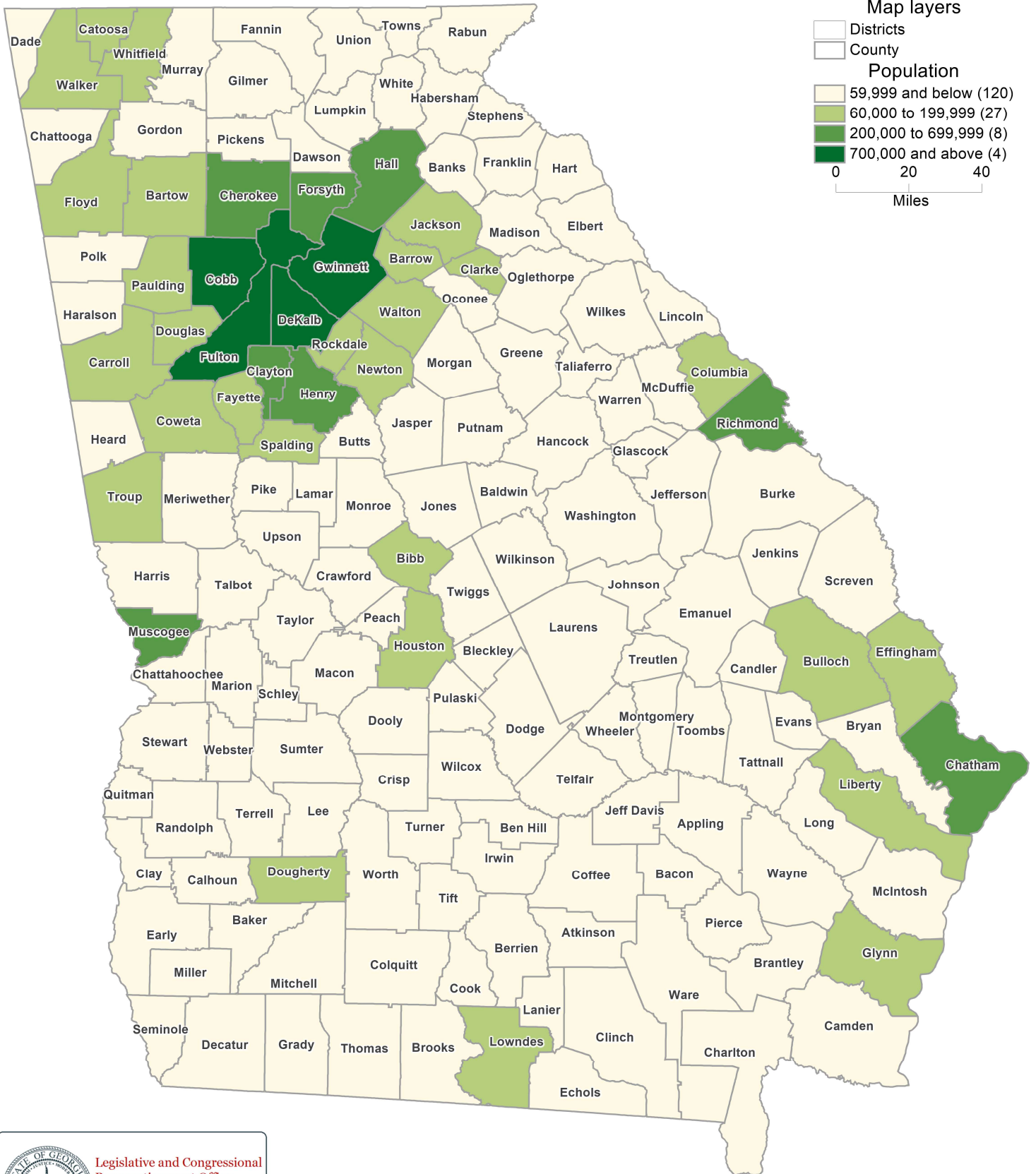
(COUNTY SEAL)

Redistricting Data and Maps

2020 Census - Change in Population Since 2010 Census



2020 Census Count by Georgia County Population Size



County Population Change from 2010 to 2020

County Name	2020 Total Population	2010 Total Population	Pop Change 2010 to 2020	Percent Change 2010 to 2021
Appling	18,444	18,236	208	1.1%
Atkinson	8,286	8,375	-89	-1.1%
Bacon	11,140	11,096	44	0.4%
Baker	2,876	3,451	-575	-16.7%
Baldwin	43,799	45,720	-1,921	-4.2%
Banks	18,035	18,395	-360	-2.0%
Barrow	83,505	69,367	14,138	20.4%
Bartow	108,901	100,157	8,744	8.7%
Ben Hill	17,194	17,634	-440	-2.5%
Berrien	18,160	19,286	-1,126	-5.8%
Bibb	157,346	155,547	1,799	1.2%
Bleckley	12,583	13,063	-480	-3.7%
Brantley	18,021	18,411	-390	-2.1%
Brooks	16,301	16,243	58	0.4%
Bryan	44,738	30,233	14,505	48.0%
Bulloch	81,099	70,217	10,882	15.5%
Burke	24,596	23,316	1,280	5.5%
Butts	25,434	23,655	1,779	7.5%
Calhoun	5,573	6,694	-1,121	-16.7%
Camden	54,768	50,513	4,255	8.4%
Candler	10,981	10,998	-17	-0.2%
Carroll	119,148	110,527	8,621	7.8%
Catoosa	67,872	63,942	3,930	6.1%
Charlton	12,518	12,171	347	2.9%
Chatham	295,291	265,128	30,163	11.4%
Chattahoochee	9,565	11,267	-1,702	-15.1%
Chattooga	24,965	26,015	-1,050	-4.0%
Cherokee	266,620	214,346	52,274	24.4%
Clarke	128,671	116,714	11,957	10.2%
Clay	2,848	3,183	-335	-10.5%
Clayton	297,595	259,424	38,171	14.7%
Clinch	6,749	6,798	-49	-0.7%
Cobb	766,149	688,078	78,071	11.3%
Coffee	43,092	42,356	736	1.7%
Colquitt	45,898	45,498	400	0.9%
Columbia	156,010	124,053	31,957	25.8%
Cook	17,229	17,212	17	0.1%
Coweta	146,158	127,317	18,841	14.8%
Crawford	12,130	12,630	-500	-4.0%
Crisp	20,128	23,439	-3,311	-14.1%

County Population Change from 2010 to 2020

County Name	2020 Total Population	2010 Total Population	Pop Change 2010 to 2020	Percent Change 2010 to 2021
Dade	16,251	16,633	-382	-2.3%
Dawson	26,798	22,330	4,468	20.0%
Decatur	29,367	27,842	1,525	5.5%
DeKalb	764,382	691,893	72,489	10.5%
Dodge	19,925	21,796	-1871	-8.6%
Dooly	11,208	14,918	-3710	-24.9%
Dougherty	85,790	94,565	-8775	-9.3%
Douglas	144,237	132,403	11,834	8.9%
Early	10,854	11,008	-154	-1.4%
Echols	3,697	4,034	-337	-8.4%
Effingham	64,769	52,250	12,519	24.0%
Elbert	19,637	20,166	-529	-2.6%
Emanuel	22,768	22,598	170	0.8%
Evans	10,774	11,000	-226	-2.1%
Fannin	25,319	23,682	1,637	6.9%
Fayette	119,194	106,567	12,627	11.8%
Floyd	98,584	96,317	2,267	2.4%
Forsyth	251,283	175,511	75,772	43.2%
Franklin	23,424	22,084	1,340	6.1%
Fulton	1,066,710	920,581	146,129	15.9%
Gilmer	31,353	28,292	3,061	10.8%
Glascok	2,884	3,082	-198	-6.4%
Glynn	84,499	79,626	4,873	6.1%
Gordon	57,544	55,186	2,358	4.3%
Grady	26,236	25,011	1,225	4.9%
Greene	18,915	15,994	2,921	18.3%
Gwinnett	957,062	805,321	151,741	18.8%
Habersham	46,031	43,041	2,990	6.9%
Hall	203,136	179,684	23,452	13.1%
Hancock	8,735	9,429	-694	-7.4%
Haralson	29,919	28,780	1,139	4.0%
Harris	34,668	32,024	2,644	8.3%
Hart	25,828	25,213	615	2.4%
Heard	11,412	11,834	-422	-3.6%
Henry	240,712	203,922	36,790	18.0%
Houston	163,633	139,900	23,733	17.0%
Irwin	9,666	9,538	128	1.3%
Jackson	75,907	60,485	15,422	25.5%
Jasper	14,588	13,900	688	4.9%
Jeff Davis	14,779	15,068	-289	-1.9%

County Population Change from 2010 to 2020

County Name	2020 Total Population	2010 Total Population	Pop Change 2010 to 2020	Percent Change 2010 to 2021
Jefferson	15,709	16,930	-1221	-7.2%
Jenkins	8,674	8,340	334	4.0%
Johnson	9,189	9,980	-791	-7.9%
Jones	28,347	28,669	-322	-1.1%
Lamar	18,500	18,317	183	1.0%
Lanier	9,877	10,078	-201	-2.0%
Laurens	49,570	48,434	1,136	2.3%
Lee	33,163	28,298	4,865	17.2%
Liberty	65,256	63,453	1,803	2.8%
Lincoln	7,690	7,996	-306	-3.8%
Long	16,168	14,464	1,704	11.8%
Lowndes	118,251	109,233	9,018	8.3%
Lumpkin	33,488	29,966	3,522	11.8%
Macon	12,082	14,740	-2658	-18.0%
Madison	30,120	28,120	2,000	7.1%
Marion	7,498	8,742	-1244	-14.2%
McDuffie	21,632	21,875	-243	-1.1%
McIntosh	10,975	14,333	-3358	-23.4%
Meriwether	20,613	21,992	-1379	-6.3%
Miller	6,000	6,125	-125	-2.0%
Mitchell	21,755	23,498	-1743	-7.4%
Monroe	27,957	26,424	1,533	5.8%
Montgomery	8,610	9,123	-513	-5.6%
Morgan	20,097	17,868	2,229	12.5%
Murray	39,973	39,628	345	0.9%
Muscogee	206,922	189,885	17,037	9.0%
Newton	112,483	99,958	12,525	12.5%
Oconee	41,799	32,808	8,991	27.4%
Oglethorpe	14,825	14,899	-74	-0.5%
Paulding	168,661	142,324	26,337	18.5%
Peach	27,981	27,695	286	1.0%
Pickens	33,216	29,431	3,785	12.9%
Pierce	19,716	18,758	958	5.1%
Pike	18,889	17,869	1,020	5.7%
Polk	42,853	41,475	1,378	3.3%
Pulaski	9,855	12,010	-2155	-17.9%
Putnam	22,047	21,218	829	3.9%
Quitman	2,235	2,513	-278	-11.1%
Rabun	16,883	16,276	607	3.7%
Randolph	6,425	7,719	-1294	-16.8%

County Population Change from 2010 to 2020

County Name	2020 Total Population	2010 Total Population	Pop Change 2010 to 2020	Percent Change 2010 to 2021
Richmond	206,607	200,549	6,058	3.0%
Rockdale	93,570	85,215	8,355	9.8%
Schley	4,547	5,010	-463	-9.2%
Screven	14,067	14,593	-526	-3.6%
Seminole	9,147	8,729	418	4.8%
Spalding	67,306	64,073	3,233	5.0%
Stephens	26,784	26,175	609	2.3%
Stewart	5,314	6,058	-744	-12.3%
Sumter	29,616	32,819	-3203	-9.8%
Talbot	5,733	6,865	-1132	-16.5%
Taliaferro	1,559	1,717	-158	-9.2%
Tattnall	22,842	25,520	-2678	-10.5%
Taylor	7,816	8,906	-1090	-12.2%
Telfair	12,477	16,500	-4023	-24.4%
Terrell	9,185	9,315	-130	-1.4%
Thomas	45,798	44,720	1,078	2.4%
Tift	41,344	40,118	1,226	3.1%
Toombs	27,030	27,223	-193	-0.7%
Towns	12,493	10,471	2,022	19.3%
Treutlen	6,406	6,885	-479	-7.0%
Troup	69,426	67,044	2,382	3.6%
Turner	9,006	8,930	76	0.9%
Twiggs	8,022	9,023	-1001	-11.1%
Union	24,632	21,356	3,276	15.3%
Upson	27,700	27,153	547	2.0%
Walker	67,654	68,756	-1102	-1.6%
Walton	96,673	83,768	12,905	15.4%
Ware	36,251	36,312	-61	-0.2%
Warren	5,215	5,834	-619	-10.6%
Washington	19,988	21,187	-1199	-5.7%
Wayne	30,144	30,099	45	0.1%
Webster	2,348	2,799	-451	-16.1%
Wheeler	7,471	7,421	50	0.7%
White	28,003	27,144	859	3.2%
Whitfield	102,864	102,599	265	0.3%
Wilcox	8,766	9,255	-489	-5.3%
Wilkes	9,565	10,593	-1028	-9.7%
Wilkinson	8,877	9,563	-686	-7.2%
Worth	20,784	21,679	-895	-4.1%

County Population Change from 2010 to 2020

County Name	2020 Total Population	2010 Total Population	Pop Change 2010 to 2020	Percent Change 2010 to 2021
Total	10,711,908	9,687,653	1,024,255	10.6%

2020 Census Count by Georgia City Name

City Name	2020 Total Population	2010 Total Population	Pop Change 2010 to 2020
Abbeville GA	2,685	2,908	-223
Acworth GA	22,440	20,425	2,015
Adairsville GA	4,878	4,648	230
Adel GA	5,571	5,334	237
Adrian GA	552	664	-112
Ailey GA	519	432	87
Alamo GA	771	2,797	-2,026
Alapaha GA	481	668	-187
Albany GA	69,647	77,434	-7,787
Aldora GA	0	103	-103
Allenhurst GA	816	695	121
Allentown GA	195	169	26
Alma GA	3,433	3,466	-33
Alpharetta GA	65,818	57,551	8,267
Alston GA	178	159	19
Alto GA	970	1,172	-202
Ambrose GA	327	380	-53
Americus GA	16,230	17,041	-811
Andersonville GA	237	255	-18
Arabi GA	447	586	-139
Aragon GA	1,440	1,249	191
Arcade GA	1,884	1,786	98
Argyle GA	190	212	-22
Arlington GA	1,209	1,479	-270
Arnoldsville GA	431	357	74
Ashburn GA	4,291	4,152	139
Athens-Clarke County GA	127,315	115,452	11,863
Atlanta GA	498,715	420,003	78,712
Attapulgus GA	454	449	5
Auburn GA	7,495	6,887	608
Augusta-Richmond County GA	202,081	195,844	6,237
Austell GA	7,713	6,581	1,132
Avalon GA	233	213	20
Avera GA	223	246	-23
Avondale Estates GA	3,567	2,960	607
Baconton GA	856	915	-59
Bainbridge GA	14,468	12,697	1,771
Baldwin GA	3,629	3,279	350
Ball Ground GA	2,560	1,433	1,127
Barnesville GA	6,292	6,755	-463
Bartow GA	186	286	-100
Barwick GA	363	386	-23
Baxley GA	4,942	4,400	542
Bellville GA	127	123	4
Berkeley Lake GA	2,054	1,574	480
Berlin GA	511	551	-40

2020 Census Count by Georgia City Name

Bethlehem GA	715	601	114
Between GA	402	296	106
Bishop GA	332	224	108
Blackshear GA	3,506	3,445	61
Blairsville GA	616	652	-36
Blakely GA	5,371	5,068	303
Bloomington GA	2,790	2,713	77
Blue Ridge GA	1,253	1,290	-37
Bluffton GA	113	103	10
Blythe GA	744	721	23
Bogart GA	1,326	1,034	292
Boston GA	1,207	1,315	-108
Bostwick GA	378	365	13
Bowdon GA	2,161	2,040	121
Bowersville GA	444	465	-21
Bowman GA	872	862	10
Braselton GA	13,403	7,511	5,892
Braswell GA	355	379	-24
Bremen GA	7,185	6,227	958
Brinson GA	217	215	2
Bronwood GA	334	225	109
Brookhaven GA	55,161	<i>not yet incorporated</i>	n/a
Brooklet GA	1,704	1,395	309
Brooks GA	568	524	44
Broxton GA	1,060	1,189	-129
Brunswick GA	15,210	15,383	-173
Buchanan GA	938	1,104	-166
Buckhead GA	194	171	23
Buena Vista GA	1,585	2,173	-588
Buford GA	17,144	12,225	4,919
Butler GA	1,881	1,972	-91
Byromville GA	422	546	-124
Byron GA	5,702	4,512	1,190
Cadwell GA	381	528	-147
Cairo GA	10,179	9,607	572
Calhoun GA	16,949	15,650	1,299
Camak GA	141	138	3
Camilla GA	5,187	5,360	-173
Canon GA	643	804	-161
Canton GA	32,973	22,958	10,015
Carl GA	209	255	-46
Carlton GA	263	260	3
Carnesville GA	713	577	136
Carrrollton GA	26,738	24,388	2,350
Cartersville GA	23,187	19,731	3,456
Cave Spring GA	1,174	1,200	-26
Cecil GA	284	286	-2

2020 Census Count by Georgia City Name

Cedartown GA	10,190	9,750	440
Centerville GA	8,228	7,148	1,080
Centralhatchee GA	348	408	-60
Chamblee GA	30,164	9,892	20,272
Chatsworth GA	4,874	4,299	575
Chattahoochee Hills GA	2,950	2,378	572
Chauncey GA	289	342	-53
Chester GA	525	1,596	-1,071
Chickamauga GA	2,917	3,101	-184
Clarkesville GA	1,911	1,733	178
Clarkston GA	14,756	7,554	7,202
Claxton GA	2,602	2,746	-144
Clayton GA	2,003	2,047	-44
Clermont GA	1,021	875	146
Cleveland GA	3,514	3,410	104
Climax GA	276	280	-4
Cobbtown GA	341	351	-10
Cochran GA	5,026	5,150	-124
Cohutta GA	764	661	103
Colbert GA	630	592	38
College Park GA	13,930	13,942	-12
Collins GA	540	584	-44
Colquitt GA	2,001	1,992	9
Columbus GA	206,922	189,885	17,037
Comer GA	1,512	1,126	386
Commerce GA	7,387	6,544	843
Concord GA	378	375	3
Conyers GA	17,305	15,195	2,110
Coolidge GA	528	525	3
Cordele GA	10,220	11,147	-927
Cornelia GA	4,503	4,160	343
Covington GA	14,192	13,118	1,074
Crawford GA	821	832	-11
Crawfordville GA	479	534	-55
Culloden GA	200	175	25
Cumming GA	7,318	5,430	1,888
Cusseta-Chattahoochee Co. GA	9,565	11,267	-1,702
Cuthbert GA	3,143	3,873	-730
Dacula GA	6,882	4,442	2,440
Dahlonega GA	7,537	5,242	2,295
Daisy GA	159	129	30
Dallas GA	14,042	11,544	2,498
Dalton GA	34,417	33,128	1,289
Damascus GA	212	254	-42
Danielsville GA	654	560	94
Danville GA	165	238	-73
Darien GA	1,460	1,975	-515

2020 Census Count by Georgia City Name

Dasher GA	890	912	-22
Davisboro GA	1,832	2,010	-178
Dawson GA	4,414	4,540	-126
Dawsonville GA	3,720	2,536	1,184
De Soto GA	124	195	-71
Dearing GA	529	549	-20
Decatur GA	24,928	19,335	5,593
Deepstep GA	117	131	-14
Demorest GA	2,022	1,823	199
Denton GA	189	250	-61
Dexter GA	655	575	80
Dillard GA	337	339	-2
Doerun GA	738	774	-36
Donalsonville GA	2,833	2,650	183
Dooling GA	68	154	-86
Doraville GA	10,623	8,330	2,293
Douglas GA	11,722	11,589	133
Douglasville GA	34,650	30,961	3,689
Du Pont GA	134	120	14
Dublin GA	16,074	16,201	-127
Dudley GA	593	571	22
Duluth GA	31,873	26,600	5,273
Dunwoody GA	51,683	46,267	5,416
East Dublin GA	2,492	2,441	51
East Ellijay GA	650	546	104
East Point GA	38,358	33,712	4,646
Eastman GA	5,658	4,962	696
Eatonton GA	6,307	6,480	-173
Edge Hill GA	22	24	-2
Edison GA	1,230	1,531	-301
Elberton GA	4,640	4,653	-13
Ellaville GA	1,595	1,812	-217
Ellenton GA	210	281	-71
Ellijay GA	1,862	1,619	243
Emerson GA	1,415	1,470	-55
Enigma GA	1,058	1,278	-220
Ephesus GA	471	427	44
Eton GA	824	910	-86
Euharlee GA	4,268	4,136	132
Fairburn GA	16,483	12,950	3,533
Fairmount GA	772	720	52
Fargo GA	250	321	-71
Fayetteville GA	18,957	15,945	3,012
Fitzgerald GA	9,006	9,053	-47
Flemington GA	825	743	82
Flovilla GA	643	653	-10
Flowery Branch GA	9,391	5,679	3,712

2020 Census Count by Georgia City Name

Folkston GA	4,464	2,502	1,962
Forest Park GA	19,932	18,468	1,464
Forsyth GA	4,384	3,788	596
Fort Gaines GA	995	1,107	-112
Fort Oglethorpe GA	10,423	9,263	1,160
Fort Valley GA	8,780	9,815	-1,035
Franklin GA	950	993	-43
Franklin Springs GA	1,155	952	203
Funston GA	402	449	-47
Gainesville GA	42,296	33,804	8,492
Garden City GA	10,289	8,778	1,511
Garfield GA	257	201	56
Gay GA	110	89	21
Geneva GA	75	105	-30
Georgetown-Quitman Co. GA	2,235	2,513	-278
Gibson GA	630	663	-33
Gillsville GA	306	235	71
Girard GA	184	156	28
Glennville GA	3,834	3,569	265
Glenwood GA	850	747	103
Good Hope GA	339	274	65
Gordon GA	1,783	2,017	-234
Graham GA	263	291	-28
Grantville GA	3,103	3,041	62
Gray GA	3,436	3,276	160
Grayson GA	4,730	2,666	2,064
Greensboro GA	3,648	3,359	289
Greenville GA	794	876	-82
Griffin GA	23,478	23,643	-165
Grovetown GA	15,577	11,216	4,361
Gumbranch GA	235	264	-29
Guyton GA	2,289	1,684	605
Hagan GA	959	996	-37
Hahira GA	3,384	2,737	647
Hamilton GA	1,680	1,016	664
Hampton GA	8,368	6,987	1,381
Hapeville GA	6,553	6,373	180
Haralson GA	172	166	6
Harlem GA	3,571	2,666	905
Harrison GA	339	489	-150
Hartwell GA	4,470	4,469	1
Hawkinsville GA	3,980	4,589	-609
Hazlehurst GA	4,088	4,226	-138
Helen GA	531	510	21
<i>Helena GA- merged with McRae</i>	n/a	<i>(Helena alone)</i> 2883	n/a
Hephzibah GA	3,830	4,011	-181
Hiawassee GA	981	880	101

2020 Census Count by Georgia City Name

Higgston GA	314	323	-9
Hiltonia GA	310	342	-32
Hinesville GA	34,891	33,437	1,454
Hiram GA	4,929	3,546	1,383
Hoboken GA	480	528	-48
Hogansville GA	3,267	3,060	207
Holly Springs GA	16,213	9,189	7,024
Homeland GA	886	910	-24
Homer GA	1,264	1,141	123
Homerville GA	2,344	2,456	-112
Hoschton GA	2,666	1,377	1,289
Hull GA	230	198	32
Ideal GA	407	499	-92
Ila GA	350	337	13
Iron City GA	312	310	2
Irwinton GA	531	589	-58
Ivey GA	1,037	981	56
Jackson GA	5,557	5,045	512
Jacksonville GA	111	140	-29
Jakin GA	131	155	-24
Jasper GA	4,084	3,684	400
Jefferson GA	13,233	9,432	3,801
Jeffersonville GA	977	1,035	-58
Jenkinsburg GA	391	370	21
Jersey GA	146	137	9
Jesup GA	9,809	10,214	-405
Johns Creek GA	82,453	76,728	5,725
Jonesboro GA	4,235	4,724	-489
Junction City GA	138	177	-39
Kennesaw GA	33,036	29,783	3,253
Keysville GA	300	332	-32
Kingsland GA	18,337	15,946	2,391
Kingston GA	722	637	85
Kite GA	160	241	-81
LaFayette GA	6,888	7,121	-233
LaGrange GA	30,858	29,588	1,270
Lake City GA	2,952	2,612	340
Lake Park GA	932	733	199
Lakeland GA	2,875	3,366	-491
Lavonia GA	2,143	2,156	-13
Lawrenceville GA	30,629	28,546	2,083
Leary GA	524	618	-94
Leesburg GA	3,480	2,896	584
Lenox GA	752	873	-121
Leslie GA	344	409	-65
Lexington GA	203	228	-25
Lilburn GA	14,502	11,596	2,906

2020 Census Count by Georgia City Name

Lilly GA	129	213	-84
Lincolnton GA	1,480	1,566	-86
Lithonia GA	2,662	1,924	738
Locust Grove GA	8,947	5,402	3,545
Loganville GA	14,127	10,458	3,669
Lone Oak GA	114	92	22
Lookout Mountain GA	1,641	1,602	39
Louisville GA	2,381	2,493	-112
Lovejoy GA	10,122	6,422	3,700
Ludowici GA	1,590	1,703	-113
Lula GA	2,822	2,758	64
Lumber City GA	967	1,328	-361
Lumpkin GA	891	2,741	-1,850
Luthersville GA	776	874	-98
Lyerly GA	454	540	-86
Lyons GA	4,239	4,367	-128
Macon-Bibb County GA	157,346	<i>(before consolidation)</i> 91351	n/a
Madison GA	4,447	3,979	468
Manassas GA	59	94	-35
Manchester GA	3,584	4,230	-646
Mansfield GA	442	410	32
Marietta GA	60,972	56,579	4,393
Marshallville GA	1,048	1,448	-400
Martin GA	336	381	-45
Maxeys GA	198	224	-26
Maysville GA	1,867	1,798	69
McCaysville GA	1,149	1,056	93
McDonough GA	29,051	22,084	6,967
McIntyre GA	575	650	-75
McRae-Helena GA	6,253	<i>(McRae alone)</i> 5740	n/a
Meansville GA	266	182	84
Meigs GA	928	1,035	-107
Menlo GA	480	474	6
Metter GA	4,004	4,130	-126
Midville GA	385	269	116
Midway GA	2,141	2,121	20
Milan GA	613	700	-87
Milledgeville GA	17,070	17,715	-645
Millen GA	2,966	3,120	-154
Milner GA	772	610	162
Milton GA	41,296	32,661	8,635
Mitchell GA	153	199	-46
Molena GA	392	368	24
Monroe GA	14,928	13,234	1,694
Montezuma GA	3,047	3,460	-413
Monticello GA	2,541	2,657	-116
Montrose GA	203	215	-12

2020 Census Count by Georgia City Name

Moreland GA	382	399	-17
Morgan GA	1,741	240	1,501
Morganton GA	285	303	-18
Morrow GA	6,569	6,445	124
Morven GA	506	565	-59
Moultrie GA	14,638	14,268	370
Mount Airy GA	1,391	1,284	107
Mount Vernon GA	1,990	2,451	-461
Mount Zion GA	1,766	1,696	70
Mountain City GA	904	1,088	-184
Mountain Park GA	583	547	36
Nahunta GA	1,013	1,053	-40
Nashville GA	4,947	4,939	8
Nelson GA	1,145	1,314	-169
Newborn GA	676	696	-20
Newington GA	290	274	16
Newnan GA	42,549	33,039	9,510
Newton GA	602	654	-52
Nicholls GA	3,147	2,798	349
Nicholson GA	1,808	1,696	112
Norcross GA	17,209	9,116	8,093
Norman Park GA	963	972	-9
North High Shoals GA	552	652	-100
Norwood GA	202	239	-37
Nunez GA	134	147	-13
Oak Park GA	512	484	28
Oakwood GA	4,822	3,970	852
Ochlocknee GA	672	676	-4
Ocilla GA	3,498	3,414	84
Oconee GA	197	252	-55
Odum GA	463	504	-41
Offerman GA	450	441	9
Oglethorpe GA	995	1,328	-333
Oliver GA	210	239	-29
Omega GA	1,318	1,221	97
Orchard Hill GA	219	209	10
Oxford GA	2,308	2,134	174
Palmetto GA	5,071	4,488	583
Parrott GA	120	158	-38
Patterson GA	749	730	19
Pavo GA	622	627	-5
Peachtree City GA	38,244	34,364	3,880
Peachtree Corners GA	42,243	<i>not yet incorporated</i>	n/a
Pearson GA	1,821	2,117	-296
Pelham GA	3,507	3,898	-391
Pembroke GA	2,513	2,196	317
Pendergrass GA	1,692	422	1,270

2020 Census Count by Georgia City Name

Perry GA	20,624	13,839	6,785
Pine Lake GA	752	730	22
Pine Mountain GA	1,216	1,304	-88
Pinehurst GA	309	455	-146
Pineview GA	454	523	-69
Pitts GA	252	320	-68
Plains GA	573	776	-203
Plainville GA	356	313	43
Pooler GA	25,711	19,140	6,571
Port Wentworth GA	10,878	5,359	5,519
Portal GA	638	638	0
Porterdale GA	1,799	1,429	370
Poulan GA	760	851	-91
Powder Springs GA	16,887	13,940	2,947
Pulaski GA	211	266	-55
Quitman GA	4,064	3,850	214
Ranger GA	107	131	-24
Ray City GA	956	1,090	-134
Rayle GA	158	199	-41
Rebecca GA	208	187	21
Register GA	157	175	-18
Reidsville GA	2,515	4,944	-2,429
Remerton GA	1,334	1,123	211
Rentz GA	312	295	17
Resaca GA	1,142	544	598
Rest Haven GA	45	62	-17
Reynolds GA	926	1,086	-160
Rhine GA	295	394	-99
Riceboro GA	615	809	-194
Richland GA	1,370	1,473	-103
Richmond Hill GA	16,633	9,281	7,352
Riddleville GA	80	96	-16
Rincon GA	10,934	8,836	2,098
Ringgold GA	3,414	3,580	-166
Riverdale GA	15,129	15,134	-5
Riverside GA	<i>city surrendered charter</i>	35	n/a
Roberta GA	813	1,007	-194
Rochelle GA	1,167	1,174	-7
Rockmart GA	4,732	4,199	533
Rocky Ford GA	167	144	23
Rome GA	37,713	36,303	1,410
Roopville GA	231	218	13
Rossville GA	3,980	4,105	-125
Roswell GA	92,833	88,346	4,487
Royston GA	2,649	2,582	67
Rutledge GA	871	781	90
Sale City GA	354	380	-26

2020 Census Count by Georgia City Name

Sandersville GA	5,813	5,912	-99
Sandy Springs GA	108,080	93,853	14,227
Santa Claus GA	204	165	39
Sardis GA	995	999	-4
Sasser GA	287	279	8
Savannah GA	147,780	136,286	11,494
Scotland GA	173	366	-193
Screven GA	769	766	3
Senoia GA	5,016	3,307	1,709
Shady Dale GA	252	249	3
Sharon GA	104	140	-36
Sharpsburg GA	327	341	-14
Shellman GA	861	1,083	-222
Shiloh GA	402	445	-43
Siloam GA	194	282	-88
Sky Valley GA	482	272	210
Smithville GA	593	575	18
Smyrna GA	55,663	51,271	4,392
Snellville GA	20,573	18,242	2,331
Social Circle GA	4,974	4,262	712
Soperton GA	2,889	3,115	-226
South Fulton GA	107,436	<i>not yet incorporated</i>	n/a
Sparks GA	2,043	2,052	-9
Sparta GA	1,357	1,400	-43
Springfield GA	2,703	2,852	-149
St. Marys GA	18,256	17,121	1,135
Stapleton GA	402	438	-36
Statesboro GA	33,438	28,422	5,016
Statham GA	2,813	2,408	405
Stillmore GA	439	532	-93
Stockbridge GA	28,973	25,636	3,337
Stone Mountain GA	6,703	5,802	901
Stonecrest GA	59,194	<i>not yet incorporated</i>	n/a
Sugar Hill GA	25,076	18,522	6,554
Summertown GA	121	160	-39
Summerville GA	4,435	4,534	-99
Sumner GA	445	427	18
Sunny Side GA	203	134	69
Surrency GA	194	201	-7
Suwanee GA	20,786	15,355	5,431
Swainsboro GA	7,425	7,277	148
Sycamore GA	692	711	-19
Sylvania GA	2,634	2,956	-322
Sylvester GA	5,644	6,188	-544
Talbotton GA	742	970	-228
Talking Rock GA	91	64	27
Tallapoosa GA	3,227	3,170	57

2020 Census Count by Georgia City Name

Tallulah Falls GA	199	168	31
Talmo GA	257	180	77
Tarrytown GA	66	87	-21
Taylorsville GA	252	210	42
Temple GA	5,089	4,228	861
Tennille GA	1,469	1,539	-70
Thomaston GA	9,816	9,170	646
Thomasville GA	18,881	18,413	468
Thomson GA	6,814	6,778	36
Thunderbolt GA	2,556	2,668	-112
Tifton GA	17,045	16,350	695
Tiger GA	422	408	14
Tignall GA	485	546	-61
Toccoa GA	9,133	8,491	642
Toomsboro GA	383	472	-89
Trenton GA	2,195	2,301	-106
Trion GA	1,960	1,827	133
Tucker GA	37,005	<i>not yet incorporated</i>	n/a
Tunnel Hill GA	963	856	107
Turin GA	347	274	73
Twin City GA	1,642	1,742	-100
Ty Ty GA	641	725	-84
Tybee Island GA	3,114	2,990	124
Tyrone GA	7,658	6,879	779
Unadilla GA	3,118	3,796	-678
Union City GA	26,830	19,456	7,374
Union Point GA	1,597	1,617	-20
Uvalda GA	439	598	-159
Valdosta GA	55,378	54,518	860
Varnell GA	2,179	1,744	435
Vernonburg GA	139	122	17
Vidalia GA	10,785	10,473	312
Vidette GA	103	112	-9
Vienna GA	2,928	4,011	-1,083
Villa Rica GA	16,970	13,956	3,014
Waco GA	536	516	20
Wadley GA	1,643	2,061	-418
Waleska GA	921	644	277
Walnut Grove GA	1,322	1,330	-8
Walthourville GA	3,680	4,111	-431
Warm Springs GA	465	425	40
Warner Robins GA	80,308	66,588	13,720
Warrenton GA	1,744	1,937	-193
Warwick GA	504	423	81
Washington GA	3,754	4,134	-380
Watkinsville GA	2,896	2,832	64
Waverly Hall GA	638	735	-97

2020 Census Count by Georgia City Name

Waycross GA	13,942	13,931	11
Waynesboro GA	5,799	5,766	33
Webster County GA	2,348	2,799	-451
West Point GA	3,719	3,474	245
Whigham GA	428	471	-43
White GA	661	670	-9
White Plains GA	239	284	-45
Whitesburg GA	596	588	8
Willacoochee GA	1,240	1,391	-151
Williamson GA	681	352	329
Winder GA	18,338	14,099	4,239
Winterville GA	1,201	1,122	79
Woodbine GA	1,062	1,412	-350
Woodbury GA	908	961	-53
Woodland GA	305	408	-103
Woodstock GA	35,065	23,896	11,169
Woodville GA	264	321	-57
Woolsey GA	206	158	48
Wrens GA	2,217	2,187	30
Wrightsville GA	3,449	2,195	1,254
Yatesville GA	394	357	37
Young Harris GA	1,098	899	199
Zebulon GA	1,225	1,174	51

2020 Population of Georgia Cities within Multiple Counties

City Name	Total City Population	County Name	Population per county
Adrian	552		
		<i>Emanuel County</i>	230
		<i>Johnson County</i>	322
Allentown	195		
		<i>Bleckley County</i>	3
		<i>Laurens County</i>	5
		<i>Twiggs County</i>	59
		<i>Wilkinson County</i>	128
Alto	970		
		<i>Banks County</i>	351
		<i>Habersham County</i>	619
Arlington	1,209		
		<i>Calhoun County</i>	894
		<i>Early County</i>	315
Atlanta	498,715		
		<i>DeKalb County</i>	40,020
		<i>Fulton County</i>	458,695
Auburn	7,495		
		<i>Barrow County</i>	7,270
		<i>Gwinnett County</i>	225
Austell	7,713		
		<i>Cobb County</i>	7,587
		<i>Douglas County</i>	126
Baldwin	3,629		
		<i>Banks County</i>	655
		<i>Habersham County</i>	2,974
Barwick	363		
		<i>Brooks County</i>	105
		<i>Thomas County</i>	258
Blythe	744		
		<i>Burke County</i>	48
		<i>Richmond County</i>	696
Bogart	1,326		
		<i>Clarke County</i>	155
		<i>Oconee County</i>	1,171

2020 Population of Georgia Cities within Multiple Counties

Braselton	13,403		
		<i>Barrow County</i>	2,007
		<i>Gwinnett County</i>	3,906
		<i>Hall County</i>	3,254
		<i>Jackson County</i>	4,236
Braswell	355		
		<i>Paulding County</i>	209
		<i>Polk County</i>	146
Bremen	7,185		
		<i>Carroll County</i>	65
		<i>Haralson County</i>	7,120
Buford	17,144		
		<i>Gwinnett County</i>	14,479
		<i>Hall County</i>	2,665
Canon	643		
		<i>Franklin County</i>	616
		<i>Hart County</i>	27
Chattahoochee Hills	2,950		
		<i>Coweta County</i>	2
		<i>Fulton County</i>	2,948
College Park	13,930		
		<i>Clayton County</i>	973
		<i>Fulton County</i>	12,957
Danville	165		
		<i>Twiggs County</i>	143
		<i>Wilkinson County</i>	22
Fitzgerald	9,006		
		<i>Ben Hill County</i>	9,006
		<i>Irwin County</i>	0
Fort Oglethorpe	10,423		
		<i>Catoosa County</i>	10,065
		<i>Walker County</i>	358
Gillsville	306		
		<i>Banks County</i>	94
		<i>Hall County</i>	212

2020 Population of Georgia Cities within Multiple Counties

Haralson	172		
		<i>Coweta County</i>	172
		<i>Meriwether County</i>	0
Lavonia	2,143		
		<i>Franklin County</i>	2,143
		<i>Hart County</i>	0
Loganville	14,127		
		<i>Gwinnett County</i>	3,155
		<i>Walton County</i>	10,972
Lula	2,822		
		<i>Banks County</i>	311
		<i>Hall County</i>	2,511
Manchester	3,584		
		<i>Meriwether County</i>	3,492
		<i>Talbot County</i>	92
Martin	336		
		<i>Franklin County</i>	1
		<i>Stephens County</i>	335
Maysville	1,867		
		<i>Banks County</i>	1,033
		<i>Jackson County</i>	834
McRae-Helena	6,253		
		<i>Telfair County</i>	6,253
		<i>Wheeler County</i>	0
Meigs	928		
		<i>Mitchell County</i>	38
		<i>Thomas County</i>	890
Milan	613		
		<i>Dodge County</i>	347
		<i>Telfair County</i>	266
Mountain Park	583		
		<i>Cherokee County</i>	12
		<i>Fulton County</i>	571

2020 Population of Georgia Cities within Multiple Counties

Nelson	1,145		
		<i>Cherokee County</i>	596
		<i>Pickens County</i>	549
Omega	1,318		
		<i>Colquitt County</i>	31
		<i>Tift County</i>	1,287
Palmetto	5,071		
		<i>Coweta County</i>	561
		<i>Fulton County</i>	4,510
Pavo	622		
		<i>Brooks County</i>	242
		<i>Thomas County</i>	380
Perry	20,624		
		<i>Houston County</i>	20,534
		<i>Peach County</i>	90
Pine Mountain	1,216		
		<i>Harris County</i>	1,129
		<i>Meriwether County</i>	87
Ray City	956		
		<i>Berrien County</i>	956
		<i>Lanier County</i>	0
Rest Haven	45		
		<i>Gwinnett County</i>	20
		<i>Hall County</i>	25
Roswell	92,833		
		<i>Cobb County</i>	0
		<i>Fulton County</i>	92,833
Royston	2,649		
		<i>Franklin County</i>	1,989
		<i>Hart County</i>	659
		<i>Madison County</i>	1
Scotland	173		
		<i>Telfair County</i>	166
		<i>Wheeler County</i>	7
Social Circle	4,974		
		<i>Newton County</i>	5
		<i>Walton County</i>	4,969

2020 Population of Georgia Cities within Multiple Counties

Tallulah Falls	199		
		<i>Habersham County</i>	79
		<i>Rabun County</i>	120
Talorsville	252		
		<i>Bartow County</i>	217
		<i>Polk County</i>	35
Temple	5,089		
		<i>Carroll County</i>	5,026
		<i>Haralson County</i>	63
Vidalia	10,785		
		<i>Montgomery County</i>	136
		<i>Toombs County</i>	10,649
Villa Rica	16,970		
		<i>Carroll County</i>	9,706
		<i>Douglas County</i>	7,264
Warner Robins	80,308		
		<i>Houston County</i>	79,743
		<i>Peach County</i>	565
Waycross	13,942		
		<i>Pierce County</i>	8
		<i>Ware County</i>	13,934
West Point	3,719		
		<i>Harris County</i>	940
		<i>Troup County</i>	2,779